A Short Guide to Performance Standards for CRM Instructors - v.2 (1/11/01)

The purpose of the Guide is to establish industry standards for CRM instructors. It gives guidance and information to operators, providers of CRM training and CRM instructors, on the necessary standards of competence.

Complete information is provided in the 'Guide to Performance Standards for Instructors of Crew Resource Management Training in Commercial Aviation' dated September 1998. The contexts in the 1998 document differ from those here, which are aligned with those in CAA Standards Document 29 Version 1 dated 18 September 2001. In due course, the 1998 version will be revised to reflect industry experience of instructor accreditation.

The Short Guide is designed to capture the core points of the main 'Guide' without duplication, although it is more than a summary as some text has been revised. The Short

The Guide describes in detail what needs to be shown and what needs to be known for instructors to be considered competent in each of 3 different contexts:

Simulator & Base Training Line Training Ground School Training

Material in these 3 sub-sections overlaps considerably, but is laid out separately to avoid the need to cross-refer between contexts.

In each of the contexts there are 4 main Areas of Competence for CRM instructor training.

A. Designs training

- B. Delivers training
 - C. Assesses trainee progress

D. Continuously improves the effectiveness of the training

The Areas are subdivided into 12 Units of Competence, each of which contains a number of Performance Elements and Background Knowledge.

Context				
Simulator & Base	Line	Ground school		
Areas of Competence				
A. Designs training	A. Designs training	A. Designs training		
B. Delivers training	B. Delivers training	B. Delivers training		
C. Assesses trainees	C. Assesses trainees	C. Assesses trainees		
D. Improves training	D. Improves training	D. Improves training		
Units of Competence				
A1 – A2	A1 – A2	A1 – A2		
B1 – B6	B1 – B6	B1 – B6		
C1 – C2	C1 - C2	C1 – C2		
D1 – D2	D1 – D2	D1 – D2		

Simulator & Base Training

UNIT	PERFORMANCE	KNOWLEDGE
A1 Designs CRM training sessions A2	 Identifies training requirements & delivery resources Ensures facilities meet requirements Incorporates a variety of activities in design Involves other people in design Builds in methods of evaluating training effectiveness Selects behavioural markers 	 Understanding objectives Company & industry requirements Training techniques Relevant regulatory requirements CRM behavioural markers Simulator procedures and resources
Prepares resources	Assists in the preparation of briefing materialsEnsures activities are practical & realistic	• Available equipment
B1 Integrates CRM training	 Makes links with technical training & Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) where appropriate Makes links with flight safety, customer service, company policy. 	 Company technical and operational training procedures and requirements
B2 Creates a climate conducive to learning	 Establishes CRM credentials and rapport with learners. Clarifies training objectives & methods Ascertains & support learners' needs Continuously monitors and responds to changes in climate 	 Methods of giving information/adult learning styles Potential barriers to learning, including awareness of cross-cultural issues How to put learners at ease
B3 Presents knowledge	 Clarifies roles, rules and expectations Creates and sustains realism in the detail Gives timely feedback to trainees on outcomes and progress 	 Distinguish between process and content outcomes Role modelling/skills modelling techniques Ways to elicit participation in debrief
B4 Facilitates learning	 Encourages trainees to get involved Clarifies roles, rules and expectations Ensures objectives are achieved 	Teaching methodsFacilitation
B5 Coaches individuals	 Conducts one-to-one coaching/debrief of crew member as appropriate Focus is on learners not themselves 	 How to give constructive debriefing & feedback The difference between coaching and demonstration/instruction
B6 Facilitates group learning	 Overtly supportive of CRM principles in word & deed (ie, role models good CRM) Motivating, patient, confident and assertive manner Encourages mutual support, teamwork and sharing of individual learning experiences 	Group dynamicsGroup facilitation techniques
C1 Monitors & reviews progress	 Tracks trainees' progress against formal benchmarks Reviews progress with trainees Sets new/additional learning objectives 	Methods of tracking performance in the simulator
C2 Assesses candidate performance	 Informally assesses performance against appropriate behavioural standards Assists trainees to assess own individual and team performance 	 Uses of video playback & debriefing to facilitate learning
D1 Evaluates CRM training sessions	 Tracks trainee performances against agreed criteria Tracks training session processes against agreed criteria Elicits informal, ongoing feedback from trainees Elicits formal course evaluation from trainees 	 Methods of assessing and improving session effectiveness
D2 Evaluates & develops own practice	 Regularly reviews own performance, strengths & development needs Collects feedback about performance from others Attends CRM training conferences & workshops Keeps abreast of developments from Regulator, trade press, etc. Maintains a written development record against a development plan 	 Methods of assessing own performance Methods of improving own performance

Line Training

UNIT	PERFORMANCE	KNOWLEDGE
A1 Designs CRM training sessions	 Identifies CRM components of line check Provides opportunities for demonstrating CRM competency 	 CRM Behavioural markers Company & industry requirements Training techniques Relevant regulatory requirements
A2 Prepares resources	Not applicable	Not applicable
B1 Integrates CRM training	 Makes links with technical training & Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) where appropriate Makes links with flight safety, customer service, company policy. 	Company technical and operational training procedures and requirements
B2 Creates a climate conducive to learning	 Establishes CRM credentials and rapport with learners. Clarifies training objectives & consequences Ascertains & support learners' needs Continuously monitors and responds to changes in climate 	 Methods of giving information/adult learning styles Potential barriers to learning, including awareness of cross-cultural issues How to put learners at ease Trainees experience level & expectations
B3 Presents knowledge	 Looks for teaching opportunities Gives timely feedback to trainees on outcomes and progress 	• Ways to elicit participation in debrief
B4 Facilitates learning	 Encourages trainees to get involved Clarifies roles, rules and expectations Ensures objectives are achieved 	• Facilitation
B5 Coaches individuals	 Conducts one-to-one coaching/debrief of crew member as appropriate Focus is on learners not themselves 	 How to give constructive debriefing & feedback The difference between coaching and demonstration/instruction
B6 Facilitates group learning	 Overtly supportive of CRM principles in word & deed (ie, role models good CRM) Motivating, patient, confident and assertive manner Debriefs on practical application of CRM skills 	 Group facilitation techniques How to encourage trainees to ask questions and seek advice
C1 Monitors & reviews progress	 Tracks trainees' progress against formal benchmarks Conducts formative assessments Keeps appropriate records Reviews progress with trainees Sets new/additional learning objectives 	 Principles and purpose of reviews What constitutes valid and reliable information
C2 Assesses candidate performance	 Collects and judges performance against criteria. Assists trainees to assess own individual and team performance Makes assessment decision and provides clear feedback 	 Observation techniques Methods of collecting evidence
D1 Evaluates CRM training sessions	 Tracks training session processes against agreed criteria Elicits informal, ongoing feedback from trainees Elicits formal course evaluation from trainees 	Methods of assessing and improving session effectiveness
D2 Evaluates & develops own practice	 Regularly reviews own performance, strengths & development needs Collects feedback about performance from others Attends CRM training conferences & workshops Keeps abreast of developments from Regulator, trade press, etc. 	 Methods of assessing own performance Methods of improving own performance

Ground School Training

UNIT	PERFORMANCE	KNOWLEDGE
A1 Designs CRM training sessions	 Identifies training requirements & delivery resources Ensures facilities meet requirements Incorporates a variety of activities in design Involves other people in design Builds in methods of evaluating training effectiveness 	 Understanding objectives Company & industry requirements Training techniques Relevant regulatory requirements Behavioural markers
A2 Prepares resources	 Selects behavioural markers Assists in the preparation of briefing materials Ensures materials are adequate and clear Ensures activities are practical & realistic 	 Existing materials Copyright Company training standards
B1 Integrates CRM training	 Makes links with technical training & Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) where appropriate Makes links with flight safety, customer service, company policy. 	 Company technical and operational training procedures and requirements
B2 Creates a climate conducive to learning.	 Establishes CRM credentials and rapport with learners and agrees confidentiality Clarifies training objectives & methods Ascertains & support learners' needs Continuously monitors and responds to changes in climate 	 Methods of giving information/adult learning styles Potential barriers to learning, including awareness of cross-cultural issues How to put learners at ease
B3 Presents knowledge	 Clear organised and good presentation skills Creates and sustains realism in the detail 	 Distinguish between process and content outcomes Presentation techniques and visual aids
B4 Facilitates learning	 Uses exercises and activities to maximise CRM learning Encourages trainees to get involved Clarifies roles, rules and expectations Ensures objectives are achieved 	Teaching methodsFacilitation
B5 Coaches individuals	 Recognises and responds to individuals Gives timely feedback to trainees Focus is on learners not themselves 	 How to give constructive debriefing & feedback The difference between coaching and demonstration/instruction
B6 Facilitates group learning	 Overtly supportive of CRM principles in word & deed (ie, role models good CRM) Motivating, patient, confident and assertive manner Encourages mutual support, teamwork and sharing of individual learning experiences Ensures learning opportunities for all trainees 	Group dynamicsGroup facilitation techniquesRole modelling skills
C1 Monitors & reviews progress	 Tracks trainees' progress against formal benchmarks Reviews progress with trainees Sets new/additional learning objectives Keeps appropriate records 	Methods of tracking trainee performance
C2 Assesses candidate performance	 Agrees and reviews plan for assessing performance against appropriate behavioural standards Assists trainees to assess own individual and team performance Collects and judges performance criteria 	 Uses of video playback & debriefing to facilitate learning Methods of assessing knowledge and skill
D1 Evaluates CRM training sessions	 Tracks trainee performances against agreed criteria Tracks training session processes against agreed criteria Elicits informal, ongoing feedback from trainees Elicits formal course evaluation from trainees 	 Methods of assessing and improving session effectiveness Evaluation techniques
D2 Evaluates & develops own practice	 Regularly reviews own performance, strengths & development needs Collects feedback about performance from others Attends CRM training conferences & workshops Keeps abreast of developments from Regulator, trade press, etc. Maintains written development record 	 Methods of assessing own performance Methods of improving own performance